Certified Public Accountants

New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank

Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2008 With Independent Auditors' Report

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements, consisting of the State Guaranteed Fund Group, Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group, Pinkerton Academy Fund Group and Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group, of New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bond Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank, including the individual fund groups referred to above, as of June 30, 2008, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 2 – 5 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The supplementary information is the responsibility of the Bond Bank's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Manchester, New Hampshire November 5, 2008 Limited Liability Company

Baker / Journes + Mayes

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2008

As financial management of the New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank (the "Bond Bank"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative, overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Bond Bank for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities of the Bond Bank and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- Revenues for the Bond Bank were \$48,207,567 for fiscal year 2008, an increase of \$2,733,222 or 6.01% above fiscal year 2007. This increase was due to a favorable change in the fair value of investments between fiscal year 2007 and 2008. Investments are recorded at fair value to comply with GASB rules. The Bond Bank generally holds investments until maturity to pay reserve fund bonds as they become due, so fluctuations in the fair value of the investments have a minimal long-term effect.
- Net Assets of the Bond Bank increased \$3,608,725 in fiscal year 2008. At June 30, 2008, the Bond Bank had net assets of \$20,520,937, an increase of 21.34% from the prior year.
- The Bond Bank's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2008 of \$922,431,719 represent a net increase of \$3,853,623 from the balance at June 30, 2007. This increase was primarily due to the net result of issuing two new series of bonds totaling \$79,561,000, less the scheduled 2008 debt service principal payments of \$75,940,638.
- The Bond Bank provided loans to local governmental units during fiscal year 2008 totaling \$79,561,000 which was an 8.31% increase from the loans provided in fiscal year 2007.
- Senate Bill 497 was introduced to state legislature, during fiscal year 2008, to improve the state intercept process in the event of a default. This legislation was signed by the Governor on July 2, 2008 and is effective August 31, 2008.
- July 2, 2008, Fitch Rating Services downgraded the Bond Bank's rating from AAA to AA-. The rating outlook was revised to stable from negative. The change in rating was due to the downgrades of insurance providers providing insurance for bond bank bonds.

Overview of the Bond Bank

The Bond Bank was created in 1977 by an Act of the New Hampshire Legislature, RSA:35-A, is a public body corporate and politic and is constituted as an instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions of the State. The Bond Bank was established to issue bonds for the purpose, among other things, of providing funds to enable it to lend money to counties, cities, towns, school districts or other districts (the "governmental units") within the State of New Hampshire. The provision of funds is accomplished by the direct purchase from such governmental units of their bonds, notes or evidence of debt payable from taxes, charges for services or assessments.

As the result of the Bond Bank issuing tax-exempt debt, it is required to prepare arbitrage rebate calculations for each series of bonds outstanding and remit payment to the Internal Revenue Service every five years. The Bond Bank's policy is to prepare and review the calculations annually for financial statement purposes. The Bond Bank has hired an outside firm to calculate arbitrage rebate liability and required payments.

Since its inception, the Bond Bank issued bonds for its non guaranteed program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on December 1, 1978, as amended from time to time (the "1978 Resolution"). Over the years, the 1978 Resolution had grown increasingly obsolete. On July 14, 2005, the Bond Bank adopted a new General Resolution (the "2005 Resolution"). While substantially similar to the 1978 Resolution, the 2005 Resolution contains a number of improvements, including a flexible reserve fund sizing requirement, wholesale changes in permitted investments, the ability to meet its reserve fund requirement with surety bond policies and other credit facilities, and a streamlined approach to calling bonds for early redemption. In management's view, the 2005 Resolution will enhance the Bond Bank's ability to market its bonds and streamline the administration of its program. Bonds issued under the 2005 Resolution are separately secured from all other bonds of the Bond Bank, including those issued under the 1978 Resolution. The adoption of the 2005 Resolution has not resulted in any substantive change to the Bond Bank's overall program.

The Bond Bank has issued five series of bonds under the terms of the 2005 Resolution, totaling \$200,526,000.

As of August 31, 2008, amendments to RSA 35-A:24 allow the State Treasurer to intercept amounts payable to a municipality from the State's general fund and its education trust fund, in the event that a municipality defaults on a scheduled debt service payment to the Bank. Amounts so intercepted are then payable by the State Treasurer to the Bank's trustee to make-up any shortfall in revenue of the Bank on account of such default. Prior to this amendment, the State Treasurer had the authority to simply withhold such amounts until such time as the defaulting municipality had cured its debt service default.

The Bond Bank has purchased surety bond policies to meet the reserve fund requirements for bonds issued under the terms of the 2005 Resolution. Two of the Bond Bank's insurance providers were downgraded in June and July 2008, resulting in a downgrade of the Bond Bank's rating by Fitch Rating Services. The table below summarizes the surety policies purchased by the Bond Bank:

Surety	Amount of	Ratings		Ratings		Ratings				
Provider	Surety	as of J	as of June 5, 2008		as of June 20, 2008		as of July 2, 2008			
	Policies	(200	8 A POS	5)	(2008 2	A Final (OS)	(down	ngrade b	y Fitch)
		Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
FSA	\$3,420,269	Aaa	AAA	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA
MBIA	\$8,247,430	Aaa	AA	AA	A2	AA	AA	A2	AA	withdrawn
FGIC	\$6,782,925	Baa3	BB	BBB	Baa3	BB	BBB	B1	BB	BBB

Note: FSA includes \$2,720,665 surety policy for the 2008 A Series, closing on July 17, 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Bond Bank's financial statements, which is comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Since the Bond Bank operates under four separate bond resolutions, the financial statements reflect individual fund activity.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Bond Bank's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The financial statements present information on all of the Bond Bank's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Bond Bank is improving or deteriorating. Net assets increase when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities, result in increased net assets, which may indicate an improved financial position.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present information showing how the Bond Bank's net assets changed during the fiscal year. Changes in net assets are generally reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net Assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Bond Bank, assets exceeded liabilities by \$20,520,937 at June 30, 2008. This represents an increase of \$3,608,725 or 21.34% from the previous fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Bond Bank's net assets is its investment in loans to governmental units plus bond proceeds remaining in trust investments, less any related debt used to acquire those assets.

The Bond Bank's financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized below based on information included in the financial statements.

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	Percentage Change
Current assets: Cash Investments held by trustee, at market value Loans receivable from governmental units Accrued investment income receivable Accrued interest receivable from governmental units Unamortized rebates to governmental units and bond issuance costs Other current assets Total current assets	\$ 51,778	\$ 57,074	(9.28)%
	5,656,837	4,179,138	35.36
	69,324,959	68,833,636	.71
	876,637	962,060	(8.88)
	15,476,373	15,463,905	.08
	732,664	756,949	(3.21)
	86	15,214	(99.43)
	92,119,334	90,267,976	2.05
Noncurrent assets: Investments held by trustee, at market value Loans receivable from governmental units Unamortized rebates to governmental units and bond issuance costs Total noncurrent assets Total assets	120,683,692 744,360,715 	123,635,006 735,051,911 5,676,817 864,363,734 \$_954,631,710	(2.39) 1.27 (2.06) 72 85%
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government Bonds payable Total current liabilities	\$ 27,599	\$ 24,843	11.09%
	16,563,028	16,130,687	2.68
	1,846,375	423,016	336.48
	<u>79,558,424</u>	79,120,346	<u>.55</u>
	97,995,426	95,698,892	2.40
Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government Bonds payable	1,333,771	2,562,856	(47.96)
	842,873,295	839,457,750	
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	844,207,066	842,020,606	<u>26</u>
	942,202,492	937,719,498	.48
Net assets	20,520,937	16,912,212	21.34
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 962,723,429	\$ 954,631,710	85%

Total cash and investments held by trustee decreased \$1,478,911, or 1.16% at June 30, 2008 compared to June 30, 2007. The Bond Bank's investment portfolio is comprised of cash and cash equivalents, U.S. Government obligations (including treasury bills, notes, and bonds), U.S. Treasury strips, U.S. Government sponsored enterprise notes and strips, and bank investment contracts. The Bond Bank's investments are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses (primarily due to fluctuations in market values) are recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

The Bond Bank's loans receivable from governmental units increased \$9,800,127 in fiscal year 2008. The Bond Bank's total new loan originations in 2008 of \$79,561,000 were 8.31% higher than 2007 originations of \$73,460,000. Net bonds payable increased \$3,853,623.

Net Assets increased 21.34% in fiscal year 2008. The Bond Bank continued to maintain a positive spread of income from investments and loans to governmental units over bond interest and operating expenses.

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	Percentage Change
Interest on loans receivable from governmental units	\$ 39,990,143	\$ 39,563,748	1.08%
Interest income from investments Net increase in the fair value of investments	5,556,189 2,226,511	6,397,209 (863,931)	(13.15) (357.72)
Other income	434,724	377,319	15.21
Total operating revenues	48,207,567	45,474,345	6.01
Interest expense	44,016,958	43,587,565	.99
Operating expenses	366,709	333,222	10.05
Other expense	215,175	224,230	(4.04)
Total operating expenses	44,598,842	44,145,017	1.03
Operating (loss) income	3,608,725	1,329,328	171.47
Net assets, beginning of year	16,912,212	15,582,884	8.53
Net assets, end of year	\$ <u>20,520,937</u>	\$ <u>16,912,212</u>	<u>21.34</u> %

Operating revenues are generated principally from interest earned on investments and from fees and interest received from governmental units. The Bond Bank's annual operating budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

Interest income on investments in 2008 decreased 13.15% from 2007. This decrease was the result of a decreasing interest rate environment.

The net increase in the fair value of investments in 2008 of \$2,226,511 was caused by movements in market interest rates during the year that had a positive impact on the fair value of investments held by the Bond Bank.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Bond Bank's financial statements for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank, 25 Triangle Park Drive, Suite 102, Concord, NH 03301.

BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2008

	Municipal Division		
	State	Non-State	
	Guaranteed	Guaranteed	
<u>ASSETS</u>	Fund Group	Fund Group	
Current assets:	ф	ф. 10.000	
Cash (note 3)	\$ -	\$ 10,000	
Investments held by trustee, at fair value (note 3):	0.041.040	2 20 7 70 7	
Cash equivalents	2,261,242	3,395,595	
Loans receivable from governmental units (note 4)	5,691,196	62,213,763	
Accrued investment income receivable	20,613	856,024	
Accrued interest receivable from governmental units	713,185	14,689,770	
Unamortized rebates to governmental units and bond			
issuance costs	120,667	611,997	
Other assets		86	
Total current assets	8,806,903	81,777,235	
N.			
Noncurrent assets:			
Reserve Fund investments held by trustee, at fair value (notes 3 and 4):	2 220 540	4.024.020	
Cash equivalents	2,339,548	4,834,938	
Investments	9,012,437	104,496,769	
Loans receivable from governmental units (note 4)	16,334,315	711,706,400	
Unamortized rebates to governmental units and			
bond issuance costs	358,988	5,200,700	
m . 1	20.045.200	024 220 007	
Total noncurrent assets	28,045,288	826,238,807	
Total assets	\$ <u>36,852,191</u>	\$ 908,016,042	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</u>			
~			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 27,599	
Accrued interest payable	612,204	15,877,406	
Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government	948,357	898,018	
Bonds payable (note 4)	6,718,346	71,420,078	
m - 1	0.270.007	00 222 101	
Total current liabilities	8,278,907	88,223,101	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government	161,416	1,172,355	
Bonds payable (note 4)	21,949,103	804,604,192	
Bolids payable (libte 4)	21,949,103	004,004,172	
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,110,519	805,776,547	
Total honearche habitites	22,110,317	005,770,517	
Total liabilities	30,389,426	893,999,648	
	, ,	, , -	
Net assets	6,462,765	14,016,394	
m - 11 170 - 1 - 1 - 1	Φ Q < 0.72 40:	Φ.000.04.5.045	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ <u>36,852,191</u>	\$ <u>908,016,042</u>	
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.			
see accompanying notes to the financial statements.			

Luucational	Ilistitutions Division	
Pinkerton Academy Fund Group	Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group	<u>Total</u>
\$ 18,613	\$ 23,165	\$ 51,778
-	_	5,656,837
1,200,000	220,000	69,324,959
59,562	13,856	876,637 15,476,373
_	_	732,664
		86
1,278,175	257,021	92,119,334
_	_	7,174,486
_	_	113,509,206
14,820,000	1,500,000	744,360,715
		5,559,688
14,820,000	1,500,000	870,604,095
\$ <u>16,098,175</u>	\$ <u>1,757,021</u>	\$ <u>962,723,429</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,599
59,562	13,856	16,563,028
_	_	1,846,375
1,200,000	220,000	79,558,424
1,259,562	233,856	97,995,426
		1 222 771
	1 500 000	1,333,771 _842,873,295
14,020,000	_1,500,000	042,073,293
14,820,000	1,500,000	844,207,066
16,079,562	1,733,856	942,202,492
18,613	23,165	20,520,937
\$ <u>16,098,175</u>	\$ <u>1,757,021</u>	\$ <u>962,723,429</u>

Educational Institutions Division

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<u>Municipa</u>	al Division
	State	Non-State
	Guaranteed	Guaranteed
	Fund Group	Fund Group
Operating revenues:		
Interest on loans receivable from governmental units	\$1,577,272	\$ 37,522,299
Interest income from investments	525,665	5,028,820
Net increase in the fair value of investments	148,928	2,077,583
Other income	-	431,724
Total operating revenues	2,251,865	45,060,426
Operating expenses:		
Interest expense	1,727,829	41,398,557
Operating expenses	150,000	206,709
Other expense		215,175
Total operating expenses	1,877,829	41,820,441
Operating income (loss)	374,036	3,239,985
Net assets, beginning of year	6,088,729	10,776,409
Net assets, end of year	\$ <u>6,462,765</u>	\$ <u>14,016,394</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Educational Institutions Division Pinkerton Academy Coe-Brown Northwood Fund Group Academy Fund Group **Total** \$ 796,157 \$ 94,415 \$ 39,990,143 1,534 170 5,556,189 2,226,511 2,000 1,000 434,724 799,691 95,585 48,207,567 796,157 94,415 44,016,958 9,000 1,000 366,709 215,175 805,157 95,415 44,598,842 170 (5,466)3,608,725

22,995

\$_23,165

24,079

\$<u>18,613</u>

16,912,212

\$<u>20,520,937</u>

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Municipal Division		
	State Guaranteed Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Operating activities:			
Cash received from governmental units	\$ 9,050,848	\$ 98,921,786	
Cash payments to governmental units		(79,561,000)	
Cash received from other income	_	431,724	
Cash payments for operating expenses	(150,000)	(203,953)	
Cash payments for bond issuance costs		(215,175)	
Cash received (paid) for other assets	8,784	(615,148)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,909,632	18,758,234	
Investing activities:			
Purchases of investments	(1,558,313)	(2,748,715)	
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	3,765,655	7,274,451	
Interest received on investments	826,394	5,843,370	
Interest rebate paid to U.S. Government	(82,875)	(752,707)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,950,861	9,616,399	
Noncapital financing activities:			
Proceeds from bonds payable	_	79,561,000	
Principal paid on bonds payable	(8,345,638)	(66,210,000)	
Interest paid on bonds payable	(1,643,242)	(40,564,294)	
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(9,988,880)	(27,213,294)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,871,613	1,161,339	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,729,177	7,079,194	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>4,600,790</u>	\$ <u>8,240,533</u>	
Balance sheet classification:			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 10,000	
Cash equivalents – investments held by trustee	2,261,242	3,395,595	
Cash equivalents – reserve fund investments held by trustee	2,339,548	4,834,938	
	\$ <u>4,600,790</u>	\$ <u>8,240,533</u>	

Educational I	nstitutions Division	
Pinkerton Academy Fund Group	Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group	<u>Total</u>
\$ 1,957,140 - 2,000 (9,000) - -	\$ 326,350 - 1,000 (1,000) - -	\$ 110,256,124 (79,561,000) 434,724 (363,953) (215,175) (606,364)
1,950,140	326,350	29,944,356
1,534 ————————————————————————————————————	- - 170 - - 170	(4,307,028) 11,040,106 6,671,468 (835,582) 12,568,964
(1,155,000) (802,140)	(230,000) (96,350)	79,561,000 (75,940,638) (43,106,026)
(1,957,140) (5,466)	(326,350) 170	<u>(39,485,664)</u> 3,027,656
24,079	22,995	9,855,445
\$ <u>18,613</u>	\$ <u>23,165</u>	\$ <u>12,883,101</u>
\$ 18,613	\$ 23,165	\$ 51,778 5,656,837 7,174,486
\$ <u>18,613</u>	\$ <u>23,165</u>	\$ <u>12,883,101</u>

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Municipal Division			
	State Non-		Non-State	
	(Guaranteed		Guaranteed
	<u>F</u>	und Group]	Fund Group
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	374,036	\$	3,239,985
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Interest income from investments		(525,665)		(5,028,820)
Net increase in the fair value of investments		(148,928)		(2,077,583)
Amortization of rebates to governmental units		77,347		440,229
Interest expense on bonds payable		1,727,829		41,398,557
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Loans receivable from governmental units		7,205,636	((18,390,763)
Accrued interest receivable from governmental units		190,593		(210,979)
Unamortized rebates to governmental units				
and bond issuance costs		_		(621,492)
Other assets		8,784		6,344
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_		_	2,756
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	8,909,632	\$	18,758,234

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Educational Institutions Division

Pinkerton Academy Fund Group	Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group	<u>Total</u>		
\$ (5,466)	\$ 170	\$ 3,608,725		
(1,534)	(170)	(5,556,189)		
_	_	(2,226,511)		
_	_	517,576		
796,157	94,415	44,016,958		
1,155,000	230,000	(9,800,127)		
5,983	1,935	(12,468)		
_	_	(621,492)		
_	_	15,128		
		2,756		
\$ <u>1,950,140</u>	\$ <u>326,350</u>	\$ <u>29,944,356</u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

1. Organization

The New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank (Bond Bank) was created in 1977 by Chapter 35-A (Act) of the State of New Hampshire (State) Revised Statutes Annotated. The Bond Bank is an instrumentality of the State, but is not a State agency and has no taxing authority. The Bond Bank has separate corporate and sovereign capacity and its board of directors is composed of the State Treasurer (who serves as director ex officio) and four directors appointed by the Governor and Executive Council. The Bond Bank has no oversight authority over any other entity.

Under the Act, the Bond Bank is empowered to issue its bonds to make funds available to governmental units having the power to levy taxes (county, city, town, school district, village district or other body corporate and politic), through the purchase by the Bond Bank of their municipal bonds. The governmental units enter into loan agreements with the Bond Bank pursuant to which they issue municipal bonds. Accordingly, the Bond Bank enables governmental units to issue debt at a lower cost of borrowing and on more favorable terms than would be possible by financing on their own. As discussed below, the Act was amended in 1982 to establish the Educational Institutions Division.

To achieve its purpose, the Bond Bank operates the following divisions and programs:

Municipal Division

State Guaranteed bonds issued are not a debt of the State of New Hampshire, and the State is not liable on such bonds. However, the municipal bonds purchased by the Bond Bank are guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State of New Hampshire.

Non-State Guaranteed bonds issued are not a debt of the State of New Hampshire, and the State is not liable on such bonds.

Since its inception, the Bond Bank has issued bonds for its Non-State Guaranteed program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on December 1, 1978, as amended from time to time (the "1978 Resolution"). On July 14, 2005, the Bond Bank adopted a new General Resolution (the "2005 Resolution"). While substantially similar to the 1978 Resolution, the 2005 Resolution contains a number of improvements, including a flexible reserve fund sizing requirement, some changes in permitted investments, the ability to meet its reserve fund requirement with surety bond policies and other credit facilities, and a streamlined approach to calling bonds for early redemption. Bonds issued under the 2005 Resolution are separately secured from all other bonds of the Bond Bank, including those issued under the 1978 Resolution. The adoption of the 2005 Resolution has not resulted in any substantive change to the Bond Bank's overall program. Total assets and liabilities of the 2005 Resolution, which are reported under the Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group, were approximately \$194,000,000 at June 30, 2008, consisting primarily of loans to governmental units and bonds payable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

1. Organization (Continued)

Educational Institutions Division

Pinkerton Academy and Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Programs: Effective February 19, 1982 (and as modified July 11, 1998), the State Legislature enacted the "New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank Educational Institutions Bond Financing Act", to assist certain elementary, secondary education institutions, or any other institution which provides a program of education within the state which is preparatory of secondary, postsecondary, or higher education, to finance the construction and improvement of their facilities.

No State appropriations are made to the Bond Bank. Fees and charges are authorized to be charged by the Bond Bank for the use of its services or facilities. These fees and charges, along with income from investments, provide for the annual operating costs of the Bond Bank.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Proprietary Fund Accounting

The Bond Bank is accounted for as an Enterprise Fund. An Enterprise Fund is used to account for an operation where periodic determination, on an accrual basis, of revenues earned, expenses incurred and net income is appropriate. Accordingly, the Bond Bank recognizes revenues in the period earned and expenses in the period incurred.

The Bond Bank complies with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Under the provisions of this statement, the Bond Bank applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements, Accounting Principals Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. As permitted by GASB No. 20, the Bond Bank has elected not to comply with the FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34, and No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures (the Statements).

Federal Income Taxes

It is the opinion of management that the Bond Bank is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115. However, the Bond Bank is subject to the arbitrage rebate requirements of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code. Section 148 requires that any arbitrage profit earned on the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds issued after 1985 must be rebated to the federal government at least once every five years, with the balance rebated no later than 60 days after the retirement of the bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Arbitrage rebate expense, which is presented as a reduction in the amount of interest income from investments, for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$280,000 and \$750,000 for the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Bond Bank considers all checking and savings deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded as net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

Bond Discounts, Premiums and Issuance Costs

Costs associated with issuing debt, which are generally paid by means of fees collected from governmental units, are expensed in the year incurred. Bond issuance costs and original issue discounts or premiums associated with the Series 1993, 1996, 1998, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2007 refunding bond issues were not offset by fees collected from governmental units, thus they were deferred and are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the refunding bond issues using the straight-line method. For each refunding, bond discounts (premiums) are presented as a reduction of (increase to) the face amount of bonds payable (note 4), whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges included in other assets.

Advanced Refundings

All advanced refundings completed subsequent to July 1, 1993 within the Bond Bank's municipal division are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 23, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities*. Under GASB Statement No. 23, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method. The unamortized portion of the deferred amount is reported as a reduction of the face amount of the bonds payable (note 4). Amortization for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$376,500 and \$1,708,200 for the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups, respectively.

The gains, losses and economic benefits of advance refundings completed within the Educational Institutions Division inure to the respective institution and not the Bond Bank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Bond Bank to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Total Columns

The "total" columns contain the totals of the similar accounts of the various funds. Since the assets of the funds are restricted, the combination of the accounts, including assets therein, is for convenience only and does not indicate that the combined assets are available in any manner other than that provided for in the separate funds.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes funds held in interest bearing demand deposit and savings accounts, which are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and amounts on deposit with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (established pursuant to Sections 383:22-24 of the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated), of \$41,778 as of June 30, 2008.

Investments held by trustee and Reserve Fund investments held by trustee consist primarily of U.S. Treasury obligations and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises and shares of money market funds which invest in U.S. Government and Government Agency obligations. All investments are held by a trustee in the Bond Bank's name.

The Act and each of the Municipal Division's general bond resolutions require the establishment of a debt service reserve fund. Each of the Municipal Division's General Bond resolutions is secured separately from all other general bond resolutions of the Bond Bank. Amounts on deposit in the debt service reserve fund of each of the Municipal Division's general bond resolutions are held by the trustee under each of such general bond resolutions. Investment earnings on amounts held in each respective debt service reserve fund are restricted to the payment of debt service on bonds of the Bond Bank issued pursuant to each respective general bond resolution for the purpose of funding each respective debt service reserve fund. Each of the Municipal Division's general bond resolutions pledges its debt service reserve fund to the payment of debt service in the event of a governmental unit payment default.

The 1978 and 1979 Resolutions require their respective debt service funds be sized to meet the maximum amount of maturing municipal bond debt service in any calendar year. The 2005 Resolution requires that for each issue of bonds, the reserve fund requirement shall equal the lesser of the least of (i) 10% of the aggregate original net proceeds of such Series of Bonds, (ii) 125% of the average annual aggregate Debt Service on such Bonds, or (iii) the maximum aggregate amount of Debt Service due on such Bonds in any succeeding bond year. This requirement is subject to change by an amendment to the 2005 Resolution under certain circumstances, but only once 100 loans have been made by the Bank under the 2005 Resolution. At June 30, 2008, the Bank had made 48 loans under the 2005 Resolution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

As permitted by the bond resolution, any funds not required for loans to government units or deposit to reserve funds, may be held by the Bond Bank as unrestricted investments. These amounts are classified as investments held by trustee within the accompanying balance sheets.

Reserve Fund investments and investments held by trustee must be invested in any of the following obligations; (a) direct obligations of the United States of America or direct obligations of the State or obligations for which the faith and credit of the United States of America or the State is pledged to provide for the payment of the principal and interest, (b) any bond, debenture, note, participation or other similar obligation issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, and (c) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the State or held in the State Treasury.

Investments of the Bond Bank consist of short-term money market funds that are 100% collateralized by government securities and investments in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government sponsored enterprise securities. At June 30, 2008, investments are categorized as follows:

	Fair Value
State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$2,261,242
Cush equivalents	Ψ
	\$ 2,261,242
Reserve fund investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ 2,339,548
U.S. Treasury strips	1,656,731
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises ⁽¹⁾	1,207,252
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips ⁽¹⁾	6,148,454
	*
N. G. G. G. J. T. 10	\$ <u>11,351,985</u>
Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Investments held by trustee:	Φ 2.205.505
Cash equivalents	\$ <u>3,395,595</u>
	\$ 3,395,595
Reserve fund investments held by trustee:	Ψ <u>σ,σ,σ,σ,σ</u>
Cash equivalents	\$ 4,834,938
U.S. Government obligations	49,417,682
U.S. Treasury strips	31,239,197
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises ⁽¹⁾	1,503,360
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips ⁽¹⁾	22,336,530
	\$ <u>109,331,707</u>

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Includes FHLMC, FHLB, FFCB, FNMA and REFCORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Bond Bank's investment policy provides that investment maturities be closely matched with future bond principal and interest requirements, which are the primary use of invested assets. The Bond Bank's general practice has been to hold all debt securities to their maturity, at which point the funds are needed to make required bond principal and interest payments for the respective resolutions. The following table provides information on future maturities of the Bond Bank's investments as of June 30, 2008:

		Fair <u>Value</u>		ss than e Year	<u> </u>	One to Five Years	r -	Six to Γen Years		lore than en Years
State Guaranteed Fund Gro	oup									
U.S. Treasury strips U.S. Government-	\$	1,656,731	\$	93,013	\$	945,626	\$	618,092	\$	_
sponsored enterprises U.S. Government- sponsored enterprises		1,207,252	1,	207,252		-		-		-
strips	_	6,148,454		929,033	_	5,219,421				
	\$_	9,012,437	\$ <u>2,2</u>	229,298	\$	6,165,047	\$	618,092	\$	
Non-State Guaranteed Fun	d Gr	<u>oup</u>								
U.S. Government										
obligations	\$	49,417,682		449,578		10,999,908		20,343,641	\$ 1	17,624,555
U.S. Treasury strips		31,239,197	3,	158,765	1	11,444,316	1	10,301,071		6,335,045
U.S. Government-										
sponsored enterprises		1,503,360	1,	503,360		_		_		_
U.S. Government-										
sponsored enterprises										
strips	_	22,336,530	4,	533,861	_	8,158,079	_	3,192,283	_	6,452,307
	\$_	104,496,769	\$ <u>9,</u>	645,564	\$ <u>_3</u>	30,602,303	\$ <u>_3</u>	33,836,995	\$ <u>_3</u>	30,411,907

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Bond Bank will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Bond Bank's investments are held by Flagship Bank, a state-charted and publicly traded commercial bank which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chittenden Corporation. Management of the Bond Bank is not aware of any issues with respect to custodial credit risk at Flagship Bank at June 30, 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the Bond Bank. The Bond Bank's investment policy limits its investments to those with high credit quality such as U.S. Treasury Obligations and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.

The Bond Bank has invested some of its long-term funds in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises principal-only strips in order to maximize yields coincident with cash needs for operations, debt service, and arbitrage. These securities are similar to zero coupon bonds which are purchased deeply discounted, with the Bond Bank receiving its only repayment stream at maturity; therefore, they are sensitive to interest rate changes. These securities are reported at fair value in the balance sheet. At June 30, 2008, the fair value of these investments is approximately \$7,805,000 and \$53,576,000 with the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups, respectively.

4. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2008, by program, are as follows:

State Guaranteed	\$ 28,667,449
Non-State Guaranteed	876,024,270
Educational Institutions Division:	
Pinkerton Academy	16,020,000
Coe-Brown Northwood Academy	1,720,000

\$<u>922,431,719</u>

Following is a comprehensive summary of bonds payable by program at June 30, 2008:

Municipal Division – State Guaranteed

Bonds payable consist of the following at June 30, 2008:

Series 1994 D Bonds, maturing August 15, 1995 to August 15,	
2014, with interest ranging from 4.25% to 7.15%	\$ 570,509
Series 1994 E Bonds, maturing August 15, 2001 to August 15,	
2014, with interest ranging from 5.25% to 6.25%	275,000
Series 1997 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 1998 to August 15,	
2017, with interest ranging from 4.6% to 5.2%	4,275,000
Series 1997 D Bonds, maturing January 15, 1999 to January 15	5,
2013, with interest ranging from 4.15% to 4.9%	2,185,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Municipal Division – State Guaranteed

Series 1998 B Refunding Bonds, maturing February 15, 1999 to August 15, 2014, with interest ranging from 3.75% to 4.75% Series 2003 B Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to	\$ 2,850,000
February 15, 2012, with interest ranging from 2% to 5% Series 2003 G Refunding Bonds, maturing February 15, 2004	17,970,000
to August 15, 2012, with interest ranging from 2% to 4%	1,230,000
	29,355,509
Net unamortized original issue premium on Series 1998 B, 2003 B and 2003 G Refunding Bonds Unamortized deferred loss on Series 1998 B, 2003 B and	764,154
2003 G advance refundings	(1,452,214)
Bonds payable Current portion	28,667,449 6,718,346
Noncurrent portion	\$ <u>21,949,103</u>

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year			
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 6,881,196	\$ 1,330,531	\$ 8,211,727
2010	7,318,108	1,068,318	8,386,426
2011	4,436,165	773,288	5,209,453
2012	5,730,320	598,387	6,328,707
2013	1,749,870	411,091	2,160,961
2014 - 2018	3,239,850	742,421	3,982,271
	\$ <u>29,355,509</u>	\$ <u>4,924,036</u>	\$ <u>34,279,545</u>

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed

Bonds payable consist of the following at June 30, 2008:

Series 1996 C Bonds, maturing August 15,1997 to August 15,	
2008, with interest at 5.625%	\$ 3,965,000
Series 1997 C Bonds, maturing January 15, 1999 to January 15,	
2010, with interest ranging from 4.5% to 4.7%	240,000
Series 1998 A Refunding Bonds, maturing February 15, 1999 to	
August 15, 2018, with interest ranging from 3.9% to 5%	10,170,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed

7 1 1000 1 D 1 1 1 7 1 1 1 7 1 1 1 7 1	
Series 1999 A Bonds, maturing January 15, 2000 to January 15,	Φ 7.007.000
2029, with interest ranging from 4% to 4.9%	\$ 7,985,000
Series 1999 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2000 to August 15	12 200 000
2009, with interest ranging from 4.5% to 5.25%	12,300,000
Series 1999 C Bonds, maturing January 15, 2001 to January 15,	4 120 000
2010, with interest ranging from 5.375% to 5.5%	4,130,000
Series 2000 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2001 to August 15,	7 770 000
2010, with interest ranging from 5.125% to 5.2%	5,550,000
Series 2000 B Bonds, maturing January 15, 2002 to January 15,	1 740 000
2014, with interest ranging from 4.75% to 5%	1,740,000
Series 2001 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2002 to August 15,	10,000,000
2016, with interest ranging from 4.125% to 4.8%	19,690,000
Series 2002 A Bonds, maturing June 15, 2003 to June 15, 2022,	2 255 000
with interest ranging from 3.5% to 4.75%	3,355,000
Series 2002 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to August 15,	20.525.000
2018, with interest ranging from 3% to 4.6%	39,525,000
Series 2002 C Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to August 15,	4 5 000 000
2022, with interest ranging from 3% to 4.75%	16,980,000
Series 2002 D Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to August 15,	
2016, with interest ranging from 2% to 5%	67,850,000
Series 2002 E Bonds, maturing January 15, 2004 to January 15,	0.400.000
2022, with interest ranging from 4.25% to 4.85%	9,400,000
Series 2002 F Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to August 15,	
2008, with interest ranging from 2% to 3.2%	790,000
Series 2003 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2003 to February 15,	
2012, with interest ranging from 2% to 5%	17,370,000
Series 2003 C Bonds, maturing August 15, 2004 to August 15, 2023,	
with interest ranging from 3% to 6%	65,010,000
Series 2003 D Bonds, maturing August 15, 2004 to August 15, 2023,	
with interest ranging from 2% to 5%	11,200,000
Series 2003 E Bonds, maturing August 15, 2004 to August 15, 2018,	
with interest ranging from 3.5% to 5%	26,090,000
Series 2003 F Bonds, maturing January 15, 2005 to January 15, 2024,	
with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	42,570,000
Series 2004 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2005 to February 15,	
2020, with interest ranging from 2% to 5%	67,030,000
Series 2004 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2005 to August 15, 2024 with	
interest ranging from 3% to 5%	90,700,000
Series 2004 C Bonds, maturing January 15, 2006 to January 15, 2025 with	
interest ranging from 3.75% to 5%	5,205,000
Series 2005 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2009 to August 15,	
2020 with interest ranging from 3% to 5%	34,035,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed

Series 2005 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2006 to August 15, 2025 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	\$ 60,245,000
Series 2005 C Bonds, maturing March 15, 2006 to March 15, 2028 with interest ranging from 3% to 5%	22,105,000
Series 2005 D Bonds, maturing July 15, 2006 to July 15, 2029 with interest ranging from 3% to 5%	45,190,000
Series 2006 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2007 to August 15, 2026 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	51,125,000
Series 2006 B Bonds, maturing January 15, 2008 to January 15, 2027 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	18,495,000
Series 2007 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2008 to February 15, 2029 with interest ranging from 3.75% to 4.50%	37,330,000
Series 2007 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2008 to August 15, 2036 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	68,905,000
Series 2007 C Bonds, maturing January 15, 2009 to January 15, 2037 with interest ranging from 4.25% to 5.25%	10,656,000
Net unamortized original issue premium on Series 1998 A, 2002 D,	876,931,000
2002 F, 2003 A, 2004 A, 2005 A and 2007 A advance refundings Unamortized deferred loss on Series 1998 A, 2002 D and F, 2003 A,	13,811,960
2004 A, 2005 A and 2007 A advance refundings	(14,718,690)
Bonds payable Current portion	876,024,270 71,420,078
Noncurrent portion	\$ <u>804,604,192</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year			
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 68,221,000	\$ 39,606,912	\$ 107,827,912
2010	67,590,000	36,408,537	103,998,537
2011	62,170,000	33,372,860	95,542,860
2012	60,035,000	30,602,053	90,637,053
2013	55,700,000	28,001,696	83,701,696
2014 - 2018	253,075,000	100,389,490	353,464,490
2019 - 2023	190,490,000	50,505,946	240,995,946
2024 - 2028	100,680,000	13,508,091	114,188,091
2029 - 2033	12,985,000	2,614,571	15,599,571
2034 - 2037	5,985,000	623,625	6,608,625
	\$ <u>876,931,000</u>	\$ <u>335,633,781</u>	\$ <u>1,212,564,781</u>

Educational Institutions Division – Pinkerton Academy

Bonds payable at June 30, 2008 consist of the following:

 2001 A Pinkerton Academy Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, maturing June 1, 2003 to June 1, 2021, with interest ranging from 4% to 5% 2001 B Pinkerton Academy Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, maturing June 1, 2002 to June 1, 2011, with variable interest rate (1.72% at 	\$ 14,970,000
June 30, 2008)	1,050,000
Bonds payable Current portion	16,020,000
Noncurrent portion	\$ <u>14,820,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year			
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2000	4. 1.200.000	ф. 72 0.050	ф. 1 0 2 0 0 c0
2009	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 739,060	\$ 1,939,060
2010	1,250,000	696,535	1,946,535
2011	1,305,000	652,266	1,957,266
2012	980,000	604,863	1,584,863
2013	1,025,000	559,538	1,584,538
2014 - 2018	5,940,000	1,997,600	7,937,600
2019 - 2021	4,320,000	439,000	4,759,000
	\$ <u>16,020,000</u>	\$ <u>5,688,862</u>	\$ <u>21,708,862</u>

Educational Institutions Division – Coe-Brown Northwood Academy

Bonds payable at June 30, 2008 consist of the following:

1994 Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Revenue Bonds, maturing May 1, 1995 to May 1, 2009, with interest ranging from 7.25% to 7.38%, payable semiannually 2003 Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Revenue Bonds, maturing May 1, 2004 to	\$ 90,000
May 1, 2018, with interest ranging from 2% to 5%, payable semiannually	<u>1,630,000</u>
Bonds payable Current portion	1,720,000 220,000
Noncurrent portion	\$1,500,000

The above bonds payable are subject to mandatory redemptions as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 220,000	\$ 84,550	\$ 304,550
2010	140,000	72,825	212,825
2011	145,000	66,525	211,525
2012	150,000	60,000	210,000
2013	155,000	53,250	208,250
2014 - 2018	710,000	130,750	840,750
2019	200,000	10,000	210,000
	\$ <u>1,720,000</u>	\$ <u>477,900</u>	\$ <u>2,197,900</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Some bonds contain provisions for prepayment at the Bond Bank's option. All bonds are secured by the payment stream of loans receivable from governmental units. The monies in the reserve funds shall be held and applied solely to the payment of the interest and principal of the reserve fund bonds as they become due and payable and for the retirement of the reserve fund bonds. In the event of a deficiency in an interest and/or principal payment from the governmental units, transfers can be made from the general reserve funds to cover the shortfall. If this transfer creates a deficiency in the required amount of the reserve funds, the State can annually appropriate and cover such deficiency. Reserve funds of one division (as defined in note 1) cannot be used to cover deficiencies of another division.

In periods of declining interest rates, the Bond Bank has refunded certain bond obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Bond Bank's financial statements. As of June 30, 2008, defeased bonds payable by irrevocable trusts were approximately \$119,125,000.

The following summarizes bonds payable activity for the Bond Bank for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	State Guaranteed Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	Pinkerton Academy <u>Fund Group</u>	Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 36,850,235	\$ 862,602,861	\$ 17,175,000	\$1,950,000
Issuances Redemptions Amortization of premiums and deferred losses, net	- (8,345,638) <u>162,852</u>	79,561,000 (66,210,000) 70,409	(1,155,000) 	(230,000)
Balance, end of year	\$ <u>28,667,449</u>	\$ <u>876,024,270</u>	\$ <u>16,020,000</u>	\$ <u>1,720,000</u>

5. Subsequent Events

On July 17, 2008, the Bond Bank issued \$42,310,000 in non-State Guaranteed bonds. At June 30, 2008, the Bond Bank had committed all of the proceeds to governmental unit loans.